



17CYP4

# PICTURE TUBE

RECTANGULAR GLASS TYPE

LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTROSTATIC FOCUS

ALUMINIZED SCREEN

MAGNETIC DEFLECTION

17CYP4

## DATA

### General:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC) . . . . . 6.3 volts

Current . . . . . 0.6 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

Grid No.1 to all other electrodes . . . . . 6  $\mu$ f

Cathode to all other electrodes . . . . . 5  $\mu$ f

External conductive coating to ultor. . . . . {1500 max.  $\mu$ f  
1000 min.  $\mu$ f

Faceplate, Spherical . . . . . Filterglass

Light transmission (Approx.) . . . . . 77%

Phosphor (For curves, see front of this section) . . P4—Sulfide Type  
Aluminized

Fluorescence . . . . . White

Phosphorescence . . . . . White

Persistence . . . . . Medium-Short

Focusing Method . . . . . Electrostatic

Deflection Method . . . . . Magnetic

Deflection Angles (Approx.):

Diagonal . . . . . 90°

Horizontal . . . . . 85°

Vertical . . . . . 68°

Electron Gun . . . . . Type Requiring No Ion-Trap Magnet

Tube Dimensions:

Overall length . . . . . 14"  $\pm$  3/8"

Greatest width . . . . . 15-5/8"  $\pm$  1/8"

Greatest height . . . . . 12-3/4"  $\pm$  1/8"

Diagonal . . . . . 16-9/16"  $\pm$  1/8"

Neck length . . . . . 4-1/2"  $\pm$  3/16"

Radius of curvature of faceplate (External surface) . . 20-3/4"

Screen Dimensions (Minimum):

Greatest width . . . . . 14-3/4"

Greatest height . . . . . 11-11/16"

Diagonal . . . . . 15-3/4"

Projected area . . . . . 155 sq. in.

Weight (Approx.) . . . . . 10 lbs

Operating Position . . . . . Any

Cap . . . . . Recessed Small Cavity (JEDEC No. J1-21)

Bulb . . . . . J132-1/2 C1/D1

Base . . . . . Short Small-Shell Duodecal 6-Pin  
(JEDEC Group 4, No. B6-203)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . . 12L

Pin 1—Heater

Pin 2—Grid No.1

Pin 6—Grid No.4

Pin 10—Grid No.2

Pin 11—Cathode

Pin 12—Heater

Cap—Ultor

(Grid No.3,

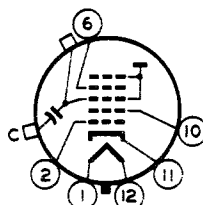
Grid No.5,

Collector)

C—External

Conductive

Coating



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## GRID-DRIVE<sup>A</sup> SERVICE

*Unless otherwise specified, voltage values are positive with respect to cathode*

### Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

ULTOR VOLTAGE. . . . .	{ 16000 max. 12000* min.	volts volts
GRID-No.4 (FOCUSING) VOLTAGE:		
Positive value . . . . .	1000 max.	volts
Negative value . . . . .	500 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE. . . . .	500 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:		
Negative-peak value. . . . .	200 max.	volts
Negative-bias value. . . . .	140 max.	volts
Positive-bias value. . . . .	0 max.	volts
Positive-peak value. . . . .	2 max.	volts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode:		
During equipment warm-up period		
not exceeding 15 seconds . . . . .	410 max.	volts
After equipment warm-up period . . .	180 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode:	180 max.	volts

### Equipment Design Ranges:

<i>With any ultor voltage (<math>E_{c5k}</math>) between 12000* and 16000 volts and grid-No.2 voltage (<math>E_{c2k}</math>) between 200 and 500 volts</i>		
Grid-No.4 Voltage for focus	. . . -50 to +350	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage ( $E_{c1k}$ ) for visual extinction of focused raster.	. . . . . <i>See Raster-Cutoff-Range Chart for Grid-Drive Service</i>	
Grid-No.1 Video Drive from Raster Cutoff (Black level):		
White-level value (Peak positive).	. . . . . Same value as determined for $E_{c1k}$ except video drive is a positive voltage	
Grid-No.4 Current.	. . . . . -25 to +25	$\mu$ a
Grid-No.2 Current.	. . . . . -15 to +15	$\mu$ a
Field Strength of Adjustable Centering Magnet*	. . . . . 0 to 8	gausses

### Examples of Use of Design Ranges:

With ultor voltage of	16000	volts
and grid-No.2 voltage of	300	volts
Grid-No.4 Voltage for focus. . . . .	-50 to +350	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage for visual extinction of focused raster . . . . .	-28 to -72	volts



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Grid-No.1 Video Drive

from Raster Cutoff

(Black level):

White-level value. . . . . 28 to 72 volts

**Maximum Circuit Values:**

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance . . . . . 1.5 max. megohms

**CATHODE-DRIVE<sup>■</sup> SERVICE***Unless otherwise specified, voltage values  
are positive with respect to grid No.1***Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Design-Center Values:**ULTOR-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE . . . . . {16000 max. volts  
12000\* min. volts

GRID-No.4-TO-GRID-No.1 (FOCUSING) VOLTAGE:

Positive value . . . . . 1000 max. volts

Negative value . . . . . 500 max. volts

GRID-No.2-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE . . . . . 640 max. volts

GRID-No.2-TO-CATHODE VOLTAGE . . . . . 500 max. volts

CATHODE-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:

Positive-peak value. . . . . 200 max. volts

Positive-bias value. . . . . 140 max. volts

Negative-bias value. . . . . 0 max. volts

Negative-peak value. . . . . 2 max. volts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode:

During equipment warm-up period

not exceeding 15 seconds . . . . . 410 max. volts

After equipment warm-up period . . . . . 180 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 180 max. volts

**Equipment Design Ranges:***With any ultor-to-grid-No.1 voltage ( $E_{c5g1}$ ) be-  
tween 12000\* and 16000 volts and grid-No.2-to-  
grid-No.1 voltage ( $E_{c2g1}$ ) between 225 and 640 volts*

Grid-No.4-To-Grid-No.1

Voltage for focus<sup>§</sup> . . . . . 0 to 400 volts

Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage

( $E_{kg1}$ ) for visual extinctionof focused raster. . . . . See Raster-Cutoff-Range Chart  
for Cathode-Drive Service

Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Video

Drive from Raster Cutoff

(Black level):

White-level value

(Peak negative). . . . . Same value as determined for  
 $E_{kg1}$  except video drive is a  
negative valueGrid-No.4 Current. . . . . -25 to +25  $\mu$ aGrid-No.2 Current. . . . . -15 to +15  $\mu$ a

Field Strength of Adjust-

able Centering Magnet\* . . . . . 0 to 8 gauss



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## Example of Use of Design Ranges:

With ultor-to-grid-		
No.1 voltage of	16000	volts
and grid-No.2-to-grid-		
No.1 voltage of	300	volts
Grid-No.4-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage		
for focus. . . . .	0 to 400	volts
Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage		
for visual extinction		
of focused raster. . . . .	28 to 60	volts
Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Video		
Drive from Raster Cutoff		
(Black level):		
White-level value. . . . .	-28 to -60	volts

## Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance . . . . . 1.5 max. megohms

- ▲ Grid drive is the operating condition in which the video signal varies the grid-No.1 potential with respect to cathode.
- \* This value is a working design minimum. The equivalent *absolute minimum* ultor (or ultor-to-grid-No.1) voltage is 11,000 volts, below which the serviceability of the 17CYP4 will be impaired. The equipment designer has the responsibility of determining a minimum design value such that under the worst probable operating conditions involving supply-voltage variation and equipment variation the absolute minimum ultor (or ultor-to-grid-No.1) voltage is never less than 11,000 volts.
- The grid-No.4 voltage required for optimum focus of any individual tube will have a value between -50 and +350 volts independent of ultor current and will remain essentially constant for values of ultor voltage or grid-No.2 voltage within design ranges shown for these items.
- § The grid-No.4-to-grid-No.1 voltage required for optimum focus of any individual tube will have a value between 0 and 400 volts independent of ultor current and will remain essentially constant for values of ultor-to-grid-No.1 or grid-No.2-to-grid-No.1 voltage within design ranges shown for these items.
- \* Distance from *Reference Line* for suitable PM centering magnet should not exceed 2-1/4". Excluding extraneous fields, the center of the undeflected focused spot will fall within a circle having 3/8-inch radius concentric with the center of the tube face. It is to be noted that the earth's magnetic field can cause as much as 1/2-inch deflection of the spot from the center of the tube face.
- Cathode drive is the operating condition in which the video signal varies the cathode potential with respect to grid No.1 and the other electrodes.

## OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

**Shatter-Proof Cover Over the Tube Face.** Following conventional picture-tube practice, it is recommended that the cabinet be provided with a shatter-proof, glass cover over the face of the 17CYP4 to protect it from being struck accidentally and to protect against possible damage resulting from tube implosion under some abnormal condition. This safety cover can also provide X-ray protection when required.

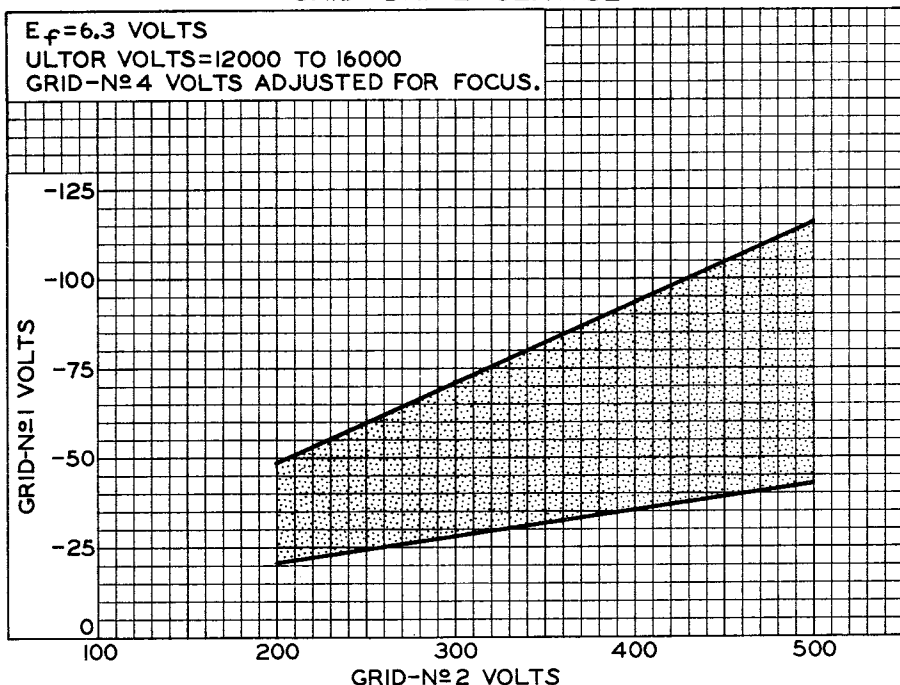
*For X-ray shielding considerations, see sheet  
X-RAY PRECAUTIONS FOR CATHODE-RAY TUBES  
at front of this Section*



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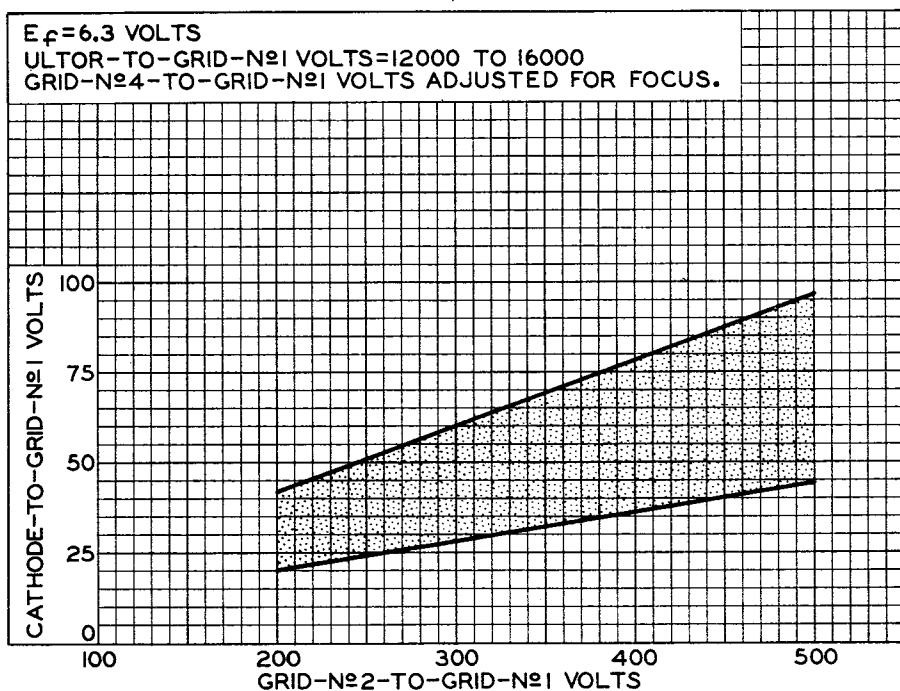
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## RASTER-CUTOFF-RANGE CHARTS GRID-DRIVE SERVICE



92CS-10385

## CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

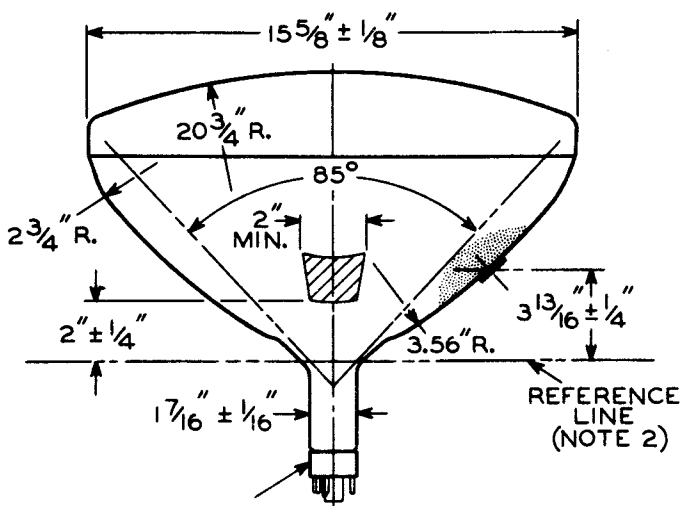
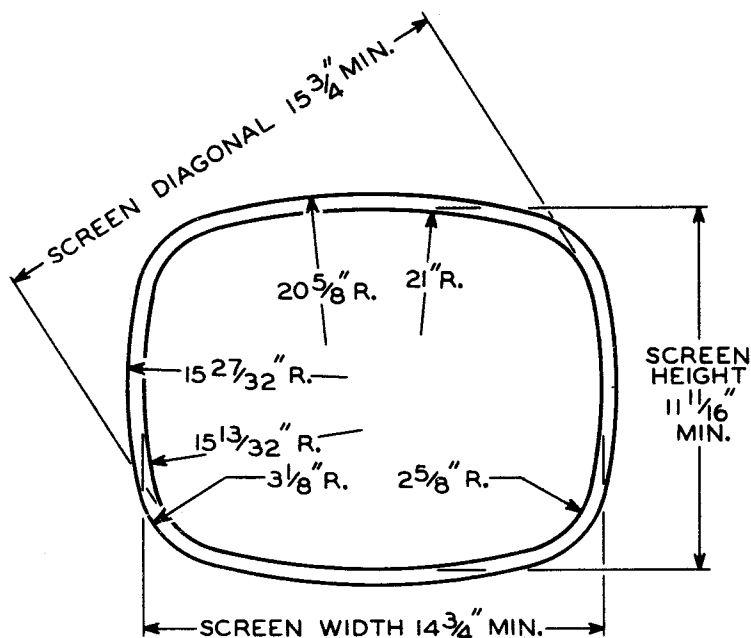
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CS-10384

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# 17CYP4 PICTURE TUBE



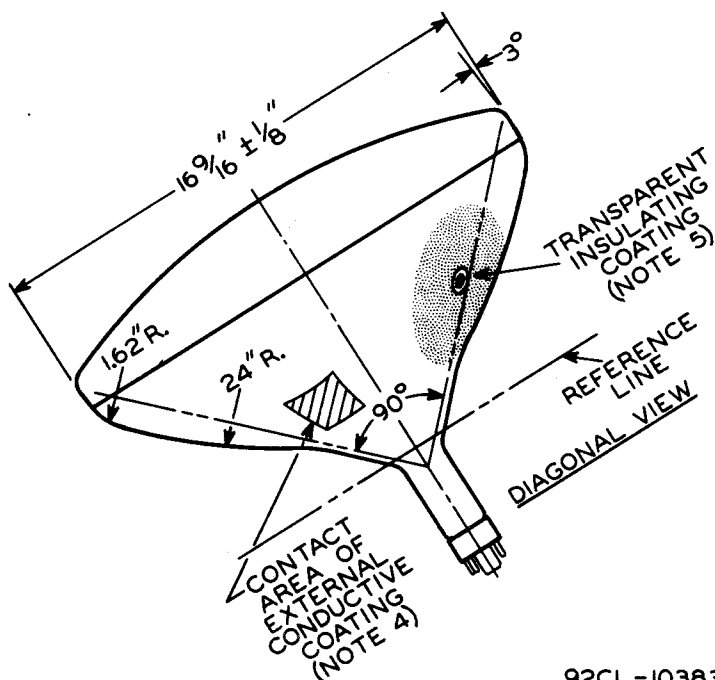
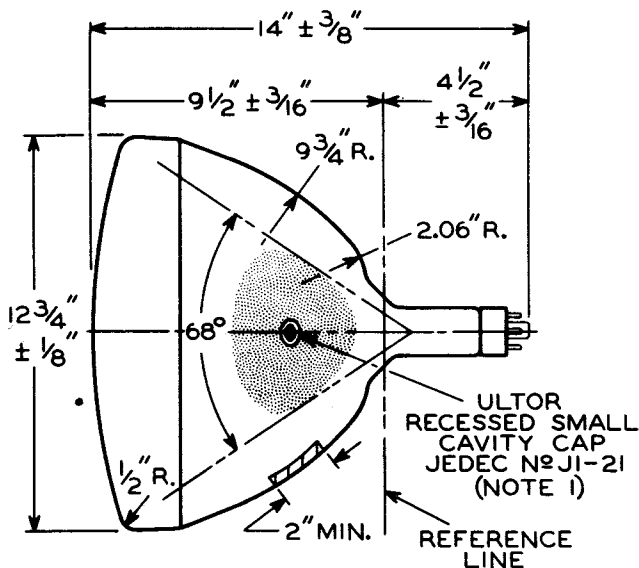
SHORT SMALL-SHELL DUODECAL  
6-PIN BASE  
JEDEC GROUP 4, N<sup>o</sup>B6-203  
(NOTE 3)



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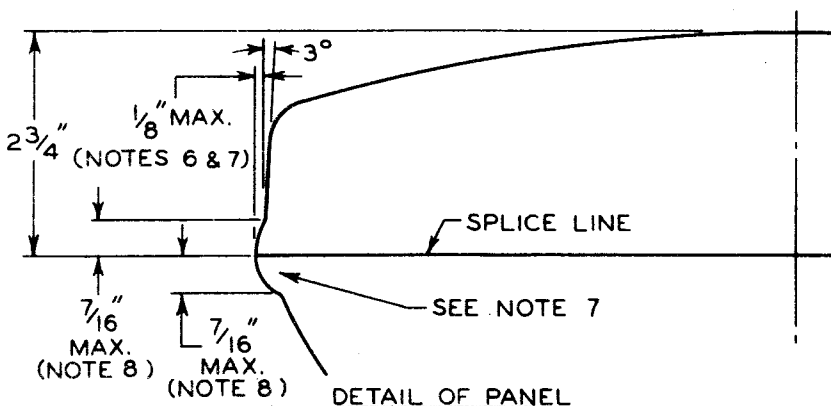
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**NOTE 1:** THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND PIN 6 MAY VARY FROM THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND ULTOR TERMINAL BY ANGULAR TOLERANCE (MEASURED ABOUT THE TUBE AXIS) OF  $\pm 30^\circ$ . ULTOR TERMINAL IS ON SAME SIDE AS PIN 6.

**NOTE 2:** WITH TUBE NECK INSERTED THROUGH FLARED END OF REFERENCE-LINE GAUGE JEDEC No. G-116 (SHOWN AT FRONT OF THIS SECTION) AND WITH TUBE SEATED IN GAUGE, THE REFERENCE LINE IS DETERMINED BY THE INTERSECTION OF THE PLANE CC' OF THE GAUGE WITH THE GLASS FUNNEL.

**NOTE 3:** SOCKET FOR THIS BASE SHOULD NOT BE RIGIDLY MOUNTED; IT SHOULD HAVE FLEXIBLE LEADS AND BE ALLOWED TO MOVE FREELY. BOTTOM CIRCUMFERENCE OF BASE SHELL WILL FALL WITHIN A CIRCLE CONCENTRIC WITH BULB AXIS AND HAVING A DIAMETER OF  $2\frac{3}{4}"$ .

**NOTE 4:** THE DRAWING SHOWS THE MINIMUM SIZE AND LOCATION OF THE CONTACT AREA OF THE EXTERNAL CONDUCTIVE COATING. THE ACTUAL AREA OF THIS COATING WILL BE GREATER THAN THE CONTACT AREA SO AS TO PROVIDE THE REQUIRED CAPACITANCE. EXTERNAL CONDUCTIVE COATING MUST BE GROUNDED.

**NOTE 5:** TO CLEAN THIS AREA, WIPE ONLY WITH SOFT DRY LINT-LESS CLOTH.

**NOTE 6:** MEASURED  $2\frac{9}{32}" \pm \frac{1}{32}"$  FROM THE PLANE TANGENT TO THE SURFACE OF THE FACEPLATE AT THE TUBE AXIS.

**NOTE 7:** BULGE AT SPLICE-LINE SEAL MAY INCREASE THE INDICATED MAXIMUM VALUE FOR ENVELOPE WIDTH, DIAGONAL, AND HEIGHT BY NOT MORE THAN  $\frac{1}{4}"$ , BUT AT ANY POINT AROUND THE SEAL, THE BULGE WILL NOT PROTRUDE MORE THAN  $\frac{1}{8}"$  BEYOND THE ENVELOPE SURFACE AT THE LOCATION SPECIFIED FOR DIMENSIONING THE ENVELOPE WIDTH, DIAGONAL, AND HEIGHT.

**NOTE 8:** THE TUBE SHOULD BE SUPPORTED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BULGE. THE MECHANISM USED SHOULD PROVIDE CLEARANCE FOR THE MAXIMUM DIMENSIONS OF THE BULGE.





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## AVERAGE DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS

### CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE

$E_f = 6.3$  VOLTS

ULTOR-TO-GRID-№1 VOLTS = 16000

CATHODE BIASED POSITIVE WITH  
RESPECT TO GRID №1 TO GIVE  
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

RASTER FOCUSED  
AT AVERAGE BRIGHTNESS.

RASTER SIZE =  $14'' \times 10\frac{1}{2}''$

### GRID-DRIVE SERVICE

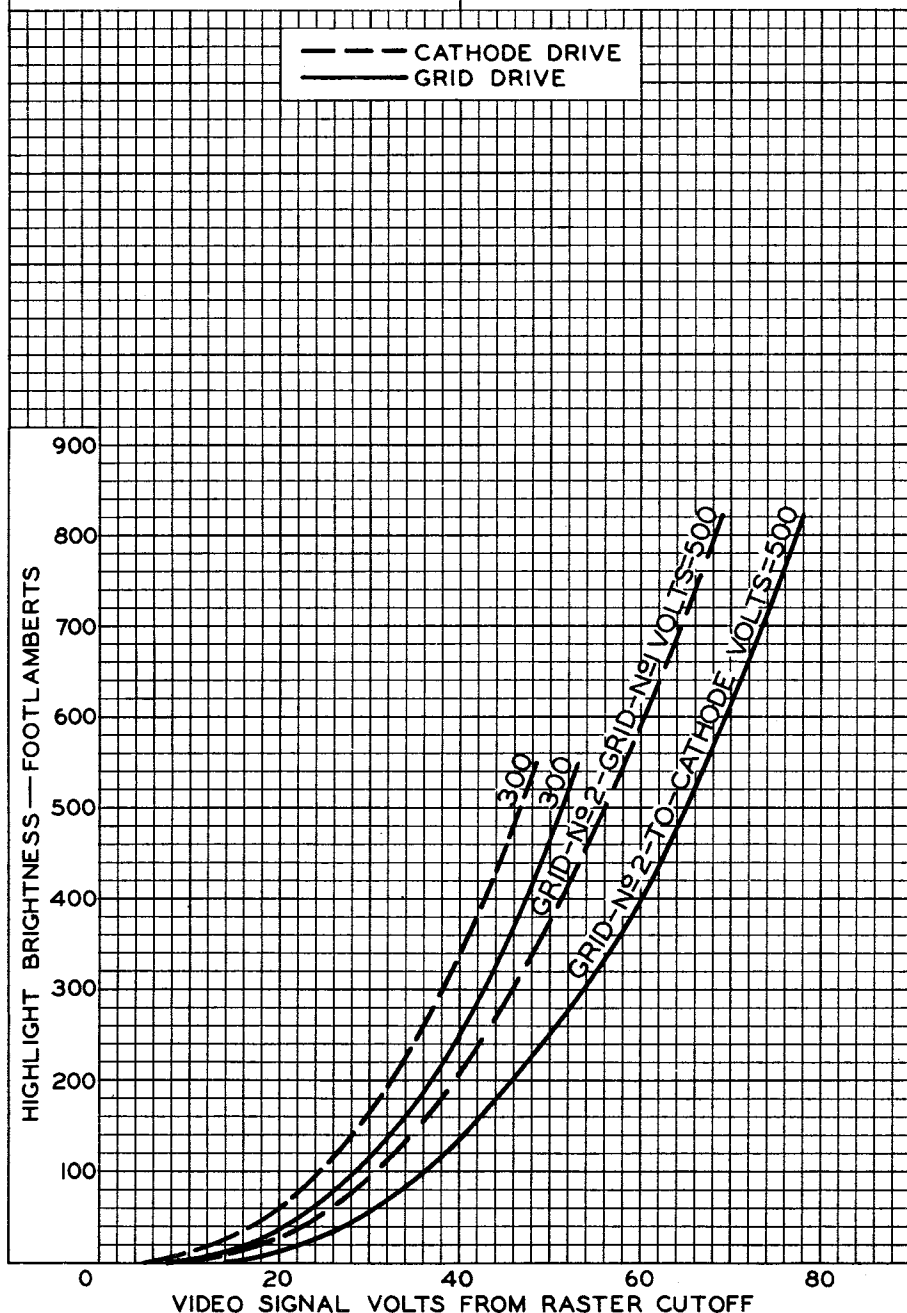
$E_f = 6.3$  VOLTS

ULTOR VOLTS = 16000

GRID №1 BIASED NEGATIVE WITH  
RESPECT TO CATHODE TO GIVE  
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

RASTER FOCUSED  
AT AVERAGE BRIGHTNESS.

RASTER SIZE =  $14'' \times 10\frac{1}{2}''$



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# AVERAGE DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS

## CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE

$E_f = 6.3$  VOLTS

ULTOR-TO-GRID-No 1

VOLTS = 12000 TO 16000

CATHODE BIASED POSITIVE WITH  
RESPECT TO GRID No 1 TO GIVE  
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

## GRID-DRIVE SERVICE

$E_f = 6.3$  VOLTS

ULTOR VOLTS = 12000 TO 16000

GRID No 1 BIASED NEGATIVE WITH  
RESPECT TO CATHODE TO GIVE  
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

--- CATHODE DRIVE  
— GRID DRIVE

